Program/Course Outcomes of LL.B, BA.LL.B and LL.B

Course outcomes of LL.B Programme:

A law degree of Kashmir University prepares our students to practise as a judge or solicitor, provide advice as in-house counsel to an organisation, or to pursue a career in international relations, politics, business management or social justice advocacy. Law graduates typically work in national and international law firms, smaller city and suburban firms or legal practices in regional centres, large corporations as in-house legal counsel or the government sector.

The course "International Law" gives a basic to advanced knowledge of the said course to the students of LL.B. Which in turn would prove helpful to them in dealing with their careers as International Law officer and would be required to work for the promotion and implementation of International Law, or Government Officers and would be required to help promote the interests and protect the safety of a nation without overlooking geopolitical consideration or Academic Researcher and Teacher another area where international lawyers find work opportunities. International Law graduates work only in the academic field or can combine it with teaching practices. This is one field where many opportunities are available. Corporate Lawyer: The private sector is a major area where students of international law study programmes can find relevant employment. Depending on the speciality of the firm, the international law graduates will be assigned to handle international business transactions, elaborate and proofread contracts, deal with international commercial law/trade, manage and mediate the relationship between private individuals, associations and commercial organisations and many other tasks. Consultant or mediator for regional and international organisations, for instance, United Nations, World Bank, International Monetary Fund, Council of Europe, World Trade Organisation. International NGOs: The International Law graduates can find better opportunities with the international NGOs like, Save the Children, Red Cross, Geneva International etc.

The course **Family Law** would help the law graduates to find better career opportunities with the various local NGOs located in the state of Jammu and Kashmir who are working for the betterment of society like women empowerment etc. These NGOs are working to deal with the different marital issues prevailing currently in our valley like divorces etc.

The Course **Corporate Law** is aimed to give comprehensive understanding of law of corporate management and governance to the students of Law. The law graduates would be able to find ample career opportunities in the private sector in the country. As the private sector has greatly flourished in the country, the corporate law graduates are becoming imperative part of the private sectors. The corporate law graduates of the Department of Law have been employed in the various branches of JK Bank, HDFC Bank, State Bank of India in the several towns of Jammu and Kashmir State.

The course **Constitutional Law** provides an introduction to constitutional law to the law students. The main topics covered are Judicial review – the scope and limits of the judicial power to resolve constitutional issues; Equality – the scope and limits of constitutional claims to equal protection of the laws, including issues of race discrimination and sex discrimination; Liberty – the scope and limits of constitutional claims to liberty of various kinds, including rights of personal autonomy and the family; State action – the relationship between governmental and non governmental actors.

The course **"Labour Law"** gives insight to the law students to work on the complex matters with profound and direct consequences for the quality of life of workers and the productivity of business.All law students have a personal stake in understanding the law governing the employment relationship: nearly all will be employees, and some will become employers. Labor and employment lawyers work in litigation, negotiation, compliance, alternative dispute resolution, regulatory, and planning settings. They practice in large corporate law firms and small firms; inhouse at corporations and labor unions; in civil-rights and other public interest organizations; as arbitrators and mediators; and at all levels of government (advocating on behalf of plaintiffs, defending governments as employers, and serving as policymakers, adjudicators, and mediators). The field of labor law has important administrative law dimensions, and provides an incomparable setting for considering the efficacy of law in the face of social and economic change.

The course **Environmental Law** gives comprehensive understanding of the Environmental laws to the students of law. They will be able to comprehend the environmental laws for the protection of the environment of Jammu and Kashmir state in particular. The course enables the students of law of Kashmir university to work as environmental law officers with the government and nongovernmental organizations, in-house at NGOs, working for the protection of the environment in the Jammu and Kashmir state and with other public interest organizations; as arbitrators and mediators; and at all levels of government (advocating on behalf of plaintiffs, defending governments as employers, and serving as policymakers, adjudicators, and mediators).

The course "Administrative Law": Anyone representing a client that interacts with the government, federal, state, or local, is likely to need to be familiar with administrative law. While broad public policies are set out in statutes, the actual implementation and application of these statutes is handled by administrative agencies. Administration is applied government: It is where public policy actually intersects with the lives of individuals, firms, and other organizations. Most business firms, state and local governments, and non-profit organizations as well as many individuals deal with agencies and therefore need good legal counsel to help them. Unsurprisingly, many law firms devote a substantial amount of their practice to agency work, representing clients before not only federal bodies, such as the Occupational Safety & Health Administration, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, or the Securities and Exchange Commission, but also before myriad state and local bodies, such as Workers' Compensation Boards, Occupational Licensing Agencies, and Zoning Boards of Appeals and Planning Commissions. There is also a broad swath of public-interest litigation that takes place largely before agencies: Anyone seeking to help a client avoid deportation, challenge a state's definition of benefits funded by Medicaid, or enjoin the sitting of incinerators in low-income neighborhoods will spend a substantial amount of time before administrative decision-makers, such as immigration judges, the federal Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services, and the Environmental Protection Agency. Practitioners before agencies also draft both proposed rules and comments responding to agencies' proposed rules. To be effective in representing clients dealing with agencies, a lawyer needs to be familiar with the basics of administrative procedure, interpretation of the statutes defining an agency's mission, and the development of facts in an administrative setting. The Course "Administrative Law" makes the law graduates of Kashmir University effective, impressive etc. so as to deal with the administrative issues while applying the experimental study, hypothesis, effective understanding of administrative law taught to the law graduates at the Law Institute of Kashmir University.

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Course outcomes of BA. LL.B Programme:

The course outcomes for the BA.LL.B programme are the same as that of LL.B programme. The courses are same for the two programmes with a minor difference that basic understanding of non-law courses are also given to the students of BA.LL.B programme.

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Course Outcomes for LL.B (Supplementary Shift):

Note: The syllabus for the LL.B Supplementary Shift is same as that of LL.B Programme.

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Course outcomes of LL.M Programme:

- 1. **Constitutional Law**: The course gives basic to advanced insight to the students of LLM about Indian Constitutional Law, its challenges etc. The post graduate students in law who had the basic knowledge of Indian Constitutional Law at LL.B level, should be exposed to the new challenges and perspectives of constitutional development while they are allowed to choose an area of law for specialisation. The post graduates of law, specialized in Constitutional Law, enables them to work in the academic arena, research topics on Constitutional Law. In addition, the post graduates of law of the University of Kashmir are working in several government and non-governmental organizations by applying the advanced learning of constitutional law.
- 2. International Law: This course focuses on the problems of international law in the making. The major normative instruments to be explored are: no New international economic order, the Declaration on the Right to Development and Continuing Struggle for North-South Equity, which continue for crystallize new human rights. International Law has traditionally been a law which regulates relations among states. Individuals have been objects and not subjects of International Law. The course "International Law" gives a basic to advanced knowledge of the said course to the students of LL.B. Which in turn would prove helpful to them in dealing with their careers as International Law officer and would be required to work for the promotion and implementation of International Law, or Government Officers and would be required to help promote the interests and protect the safety of a nation without overlooking geopolitical consideration or Academic Researcher and Teacher another area where international lawyers find work opportunities. International Law graduates work only in the academic field or can combine it with teaching practices.
- 3. Commercial Law: The group Commercial Law includes IPR –I & II at the base level and Law of Export and Import Regulations, Consumer and Law, Banking and Insurance Law, International Trade Law at advanced level of Post graduate course of law of the Kashmir University The concept of intellectual property rights have assumed seminal importance in India especially after the adoption of International Conventions especially TRIPS. The role of IPR both under intellectual property as well as industrial property regime has significantly refocused the relevance of the subject in India. The Commercial Law course enables the post graduates of law of the University of Kashmir to demonstrate in corporate sector issues including Patents, Copyright issues, Plagiarism laws etc. also in the academic and research realm etc.
- 4. Criminal Law: The course includes Juvenile Delinquency and Narcotics and Law at base level and Comparative Criminal Law, Penology-Treatment of Offenders, Collective Violence and Criminal Justice Systems, Socio-Economic Offences etc. at advanced level so as to fully acquaint the post graduate students of law to work in the academic, research and in different realms. The students of LLM are working as criminal law officers, in-house counsels at governmental and non governmental agencies.
- 5. **Cyber Law:** The course cyber law is an elective open for the other non law departments of the Kashmir University. The course acquaints the students about various cyber crimes, challenges etc.

in the present day world of Globalisation. The course includes basic knowledge of the cyber laws taught as an elective to the students of other departments.

- 6. Environmental Law: The course Environmental Law gives comprehensive understanding of the Environmental laws to the students of law. They will be able to comprehend the environmental laws for the protection of the environment of Jammu and Kashmir state in particular. The course enables the students of law of Kashmir university to work as environmental law officers with the government and non-governmental organizations, inhouse at NGOs, working for the protection of the environment in the Jammu and Kashmir state and with other public interest organizations; as arbitrators and mediators; and at all levels of government (advocating on behalf of plaintiffs, defending governments as employers, and serving as policymakers, adjudicators, and mediators).
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